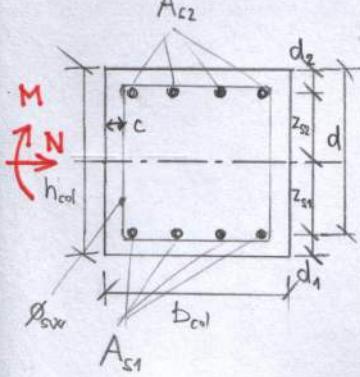


CHECK OF COLUMN - INTERACTION DIAGRAM



Lever arms of internal forces are always considered to the axis of the cross-section

DIMENSIONS OF CROSS-SECTION

$$b_{col} = h_{col} = 400 \text{ mm}$$

$c = 25 \text{ mm}$ (cover depth)

$\phi_{sw} = 6 \text{ mm}$ (estimated diameter of stirrups)

$\phi_s = 12 \text{ mm}$ (main reinforcement)

$$\begin{aligned} d &= h_{col} - c - \phi_{sw} - \frac{\phi_s}{2} = \\ &= 400 - 25 - 6 - \frac{12}{2} = 363 \text{ mm} \\ &\quad (\text{effective height}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z_{s1} &= z_{s2} = \frac{1}{2} (h_{col} - 2c - 2\phi_{sw} - \phi_s) = \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (400 - 2 \cdot 25 - 2 \cdot 6 - 12) = 163 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

(lever arm of internal forces)

$$d_1 = d_2 = \frac{h_{col}}{2} - z_{s1} = 200 - 163 = 37 \text{ mm}$$

POINT „0“ (PURE COMPRESSION)

$$N_{Rd,0} = b_{col} h_{col} f_{cd} + A_{s1} \sigma_s + A_{s2} \sigma_s = 400 \cdot 400 \cdot 13,3 + 226 \cdot 400 + 226 \cdot 400 = 2309 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{Rd,0} = (A_{s2} z_{s2} - A_{s1} z_{s1}) \sigma_s = 0$$

POINT „1“ (STRAIN IN TENSILE REINFORCEMENT $\epsilon_{s1} = 0$)

$$N_{Rd,1} = 0,8 b_{col} d f_{cd} + A_{s2} \sim \ddot{\alpha} = 0,8 \cdot 400 \cdot 13,3 \cdot 363 + 226 \cdot 1 \text{ H} = F \text{ I G kN}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_{Rd,1} &= 0,8 b_{col} d f_{cd} \left(\frac{h_{col}}{2} - 0,4 d \right) + A_{s2} z_{s2} \sim \ddot{\alpha} = 0,8 \cdot 400 \cdot 363 \cdot 13,3 \left(\frac{400}{2} - 0,4 \cdot 363 \right) + \\ &+ 226 \cdot 163 \cdot 1 \text{ H} = F \text{ E E E kNm} \end{aligned}$$

POINT „2“ (STRESS IN TENSILE REINFORCEMENT IS ON YIELD LIMIT - $\sigma_{s1} = f_{yd}$)

$$\xi_{BAL,1} = \frac{700}{700+f_{yd}} = \frac{700}{700+435} = 0,617$$

$$x_{BAL,1} = \xi_{BAL,1} \cdot d = 0,617 \cdot 363 = 224 \text{ mm}$$

ξ_{s2} can be obtained by applying rules for similarity of triangles

$$\frac{E_{cd}}{x_{BAL,1}} = \frac{\epsilon_{s2}}{x_{BAL,1} - d_2}$$

$$\epsilon_{s2} = \epsilon_{cd} \left(1 - \frac{d_2}{x_{BAL,1}} \right) = 0,0035 \left(1 - \frac{37}{224} \right) = 0,00292$$

$$\epsilon_{yd} = \frac{f_{yd}}{E_s} = \frac{435}{60000} = \text{E E E E I} (= \text{G E I \%})$$

Because $\epsilon_{s2} > \epsilon_{yd}$, we can assume $\sigma_{s2} = f_{yd}$ (in case of $\epsilon_{s2} < \epsilon_{yd}$, $\sigma_{s2} = E_s \epsilon_{s2}$ should be assumed)

CROSS-SECTİONAL AND MATERIAL PROPERTIES

$$A_{s1} = A_{s2} = \frac{1}{2} A_s = 226 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ (see your design)}$$

$$f_{cd} = 13,3 \text{ MPa}$$

$$A_c = 160000 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$f_{yd} = 435 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_s = 400 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\epsilon_{cd} = 0,0035 \text{ (limit strain of concrete)}$$

$$E_s = 200000 \text{ MPa} \text{ (Young's modulus of steel)}$$

$$N_{Rd,2} = 0,8 b_{col} \times_{BAL,1} f_{cd} + A_{s2} f_{yd} - A_{s1} f_{yd} = 0,8 \cdot 400 \cdot 224 \cdot 13,3 = 953,3 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{Rd,2} = 0,8 b_{col} \times_{BAL,1} F_{cd} \left(\frac{h_{col}}{2} - 0,4 \times_{BAL,1} \right) + A_{s2} \cdot f_{yd} z_{s2} + A_{s1} \cdot f_{yd} z_{s1} =$$

$$= 0,8 \cdot 400 \cdot 224 \cdot 13,3 \cdot \left(\frac{400}{2} - 0,4 \cdot 224 \right) + 226 \cdot 435 \cdot 163 + 226 \cdot 435 \cdot 163 =$$

$$= 137,3 \text{ kNm}$$

POINT „3“ (PURE BENDING)

Quadratic equation for ϵ_{s2} :

$$\epsilon_{s2}^2 \cdot A_{s2} - \epsilon_{s2} (A_{s1} f_{yd} + A_{s2} \epsilon_{cd} E_s) + \epsilon_{cd} E_s (A_{s1} f_{yd} - 0,8 b_{col} f_{cd} d_2) = 0$$

$$\epsilon_{s2}^2 \cdot 226 - \epsilon_{s2} (226 \cdot 435 + 226 \cdot 0,0035 \cdot 210000) + 0,0035 \cdot 210000 (226 \cdot 435 -$$

$$- 0,8 \cdot 400 \cdot 13,3 \cdot 37) = 0$$

$$\epsilon_{s2}^2 \cdot 226 - \epsilon_{s2} \cdot 264420 - 43484070 = 0$$

The equation has two roots: $\epsilon_{s2}^1 = 1316 \text{ MPa}$
 $\epsilon_{s2}^2 = -146,2 \text{ MPa}$

The reinforcement has characteristic strength of 500 MPa.

Therefore, ϵ_{s2}^1 has no sense for our calculation and we use

$\epsilon_{s2} = -146,2 \text{ MPa}$ for further calculations.

Equation for x :

$$x = \frac{A_{s1} f_{yd} - A_{s2} \epsilon_{s2}}{0,8 b_{col} f_{cd}} = \frac{226 \cdot 435 + 226 \cdot 146,2}{0,8 \cdot 400 \cdot 13,3} = 30,863 \text{ mm}$$

$$N_{Rd,3} = 0$$

$$M_{Rd,3} = 0,8 b_{col} \times f_{cd} \left(\frac{h_{col}}{2} - 0,4 x \right) + A_{s2} \epsilon_{s2} z_{s2} + A_{s1} f_{yd} z_{s1} =$$

$$= 0,8 \cdot 400 \cdot 30,863 \cdot 13,3 \cdot \left(\frac{400}{2} - 0,4 \cdot 30,863 \right) - 226 \cdot 146,2 \cdot 163 +$$

$$+ 226 \cdot 435 \cdot 163 = 35,3 \text{ kNm}$$

POINT „4“ (STRAIN IN COMPRESSED REINFORCEMENT $\epsilon_{s2} = 0$)

$$N_{Rd,4} = A_{s1} f_{yd} = 226 \cdot 435 = 98,3 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{Rd,4} = A_{s1} f_{yd} z_{s1} = 226 \cdot 435 \cdot 163 = 16,0 \text{ kNm}$$

POINT „5“ (PURE TENSION)

$$N_{Rd,5} = (A_{s1} + A_{s2}) f_{yd} = (226 + 226) \cdot 435 = 196,62 \text{ kN}$$

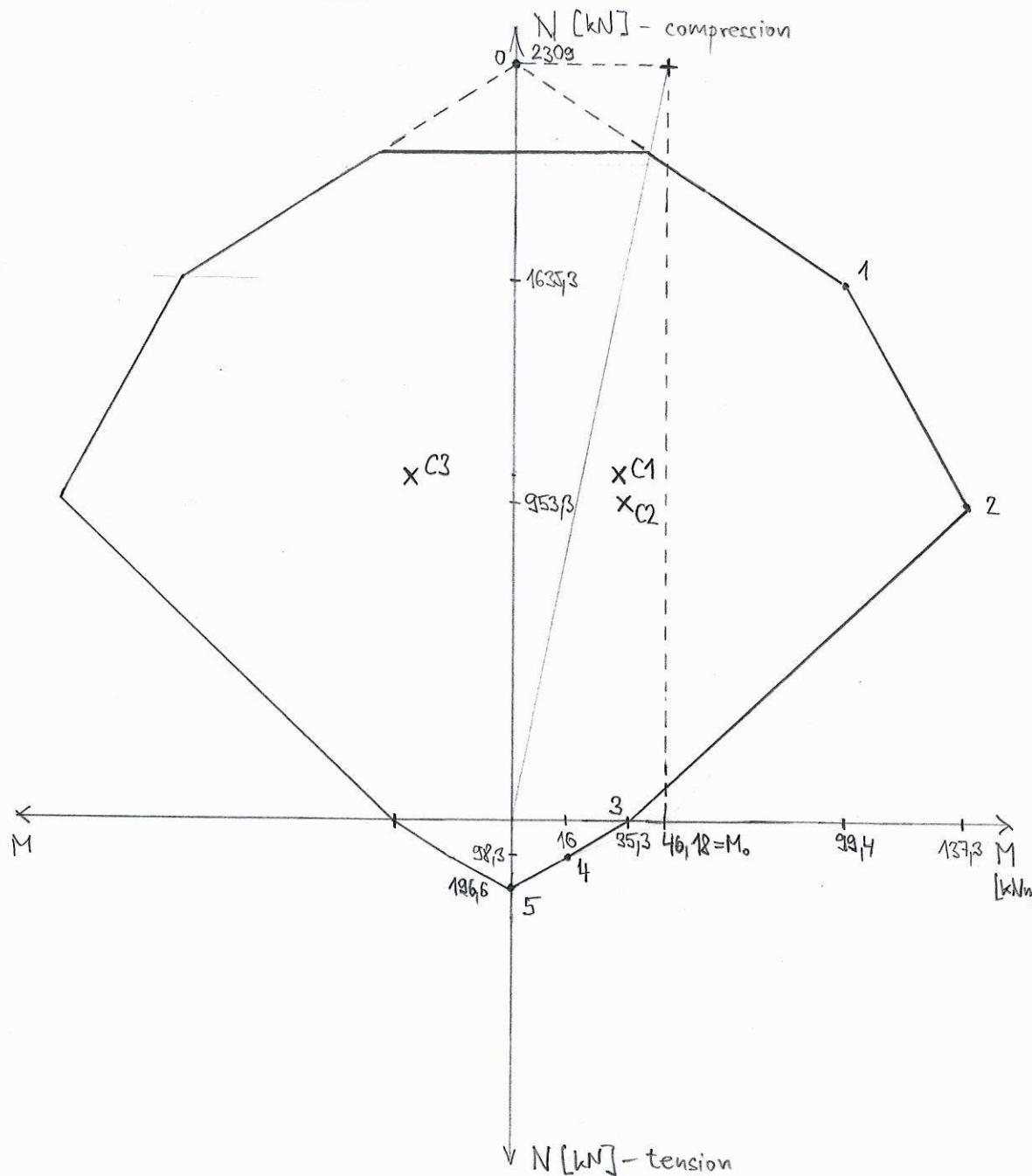
$$M_{Rd,5} = 0$$

RESTRICTION OF COMPRESSIVE RESISTANCE

$$\text{Minimum eccentricity : } e_o = \max\left(\frac{h_{col}}{30}; 20 \text{ mm}\right) = \max\left(\frac{400}{30}, 20\right) = \\ = \max(13,3, 20) = 20 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Minimum bending moment : } M_o = N_{Rd,0} e_o = 2309 \cdot 0,02 = 46,18 \text{ kNm}$$

INTERACTION DIAGRAM

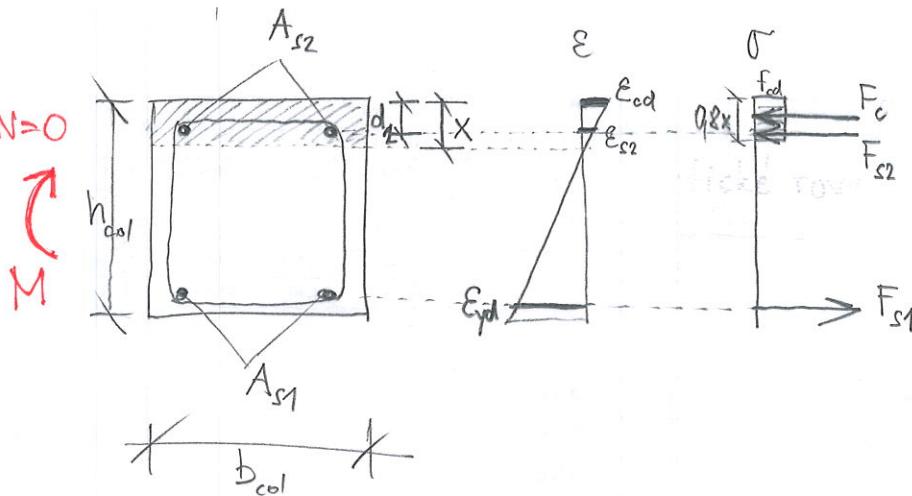


LOAD COMBINATIONS	$N_{Ed} [\text{kN}]$	$M_{Ed} [\text{kNm}]$
C1	1053	31,2
C2	949	34,3
C3	1056	-30,8

All the extreme combinations of internal forces lay inside interaction diagram
 ⇒ COLUMN CHECKED

5ddYbX]l %! XYf]j Uh]cb cZe i UXfUh]WYe i Uh]cb Zcf g][a U'g&

GW Ya YcZh Y Wcg! gYVbcb.



I b_bck bg.

! \Y][\h]

! ghfU]b cZghYY e_s2 UbX
h YfYzfY ghfYgg r_s2 = e_s2 E_s

① 9ei]]Vf]i a .

$$F_c + F_{s2} = F_{s1}$$

$$0.8b_{col} \times f_{cd} + A_{s2} \sigma_{s2} = A_{s1} f_{yd}$$

$$x = \frac{A_{s1} f_{yd} - A_{s2} \sigma_{s2}}{0.8b_{col} f_{cd}}$$

② GhfU]b X]ghf]Vi h]cb
! g]a]]Uf hf]Ub[`Yg.

$$\frac{\epsilon_{cd}}{x} = \frac{\epsilon_{s2}}{x-d_2}$$

$$x = \frac{\epsilon_{cd} d_2}{\epsilon_{cd} - \epsilon_{s2}} \quad \left| \quad \epsilon_{s2} = \frac{\sigma_{s2}}{E_s} \right.$$

$$x = \frac{E_s \epsilon_{cd} d_2}{E_s \epsilon_{cd} - \sigma_{s2}}$$

① x ② :

$$\frac{A_{s1} f_{yd} - A_{s2} \sigma_{s2}}{0.8b_{col} f_{cd}} = \frac{E_s \epsilon_{cd} d_2}{E_s \epsilon_{cd} - \sigma_{s2}}$$

$$(A_{s1} f_{yd} - A_{s2} \sigma_{s2}) \cdot (E_s \epsilon_{cd} - \sigma_{s2}) = 0.8b_{col} f_{cd} E_s \epsilon_{cd} d_2$$

$$\boxed{\sigma_{s2}^2 \cdot A_{s1} - \sigma_{s2} \cdot (A_{s1} f_{yd} - A_{s2} E_s \epsilon_{cd}) + E_s \epsilon_{cd} (A_{s1} f_{yd} - 0.8b_{col} f_{cd} d_2) = 0}$$

⇒ k Y Vb W W UHY g][a U'g& Zfc a h Y ei UXfUh]WYe i Uh]cbž
h Yb W W UHY Zfc a cbYcZh Y Ye i Uh]cbg%cf & UbX
ZbU'mW W UHY VYbX]b[a ca Ybh Wd U m A FXž