

# STAIRCASE - LOADS

Scheme of the structure

- see the design  
of geometry

## LOADS

### Landing

Load	Char. value [kN/m <sup>2</sup> ]	$\gamma_r$	Design value [kN/m <sup>2</sup> ]
Slab	0,23 · 25	1,35	7,8
Floor	1	1,35	1,35
Live load	3,5	1,5	5,25

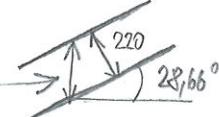
$$\boxed{\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow} f_{de} = 14,4 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

### Flight

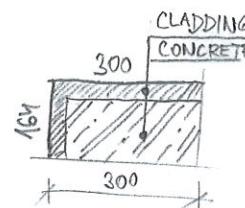
Load	Char. value [kN/m <sup>2</sup> ]	$\gamma_r$	Design value [kN/m <sup>2</sup> ]
Slab	$\frac{0,22}{\cos 28,66^\circ} \cdot 25$ ①	1,35	8,5
Cladding	$0,5 \cdot \frac{164+300}{300}$ ②	1,35	1,04
Steps	$\frac{0,164}{2} \cdot 25$ ③	1,35	2,78
Live load	3,5	1,5	5,25

$$\boxed{\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow} f_{df} = 17,6 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

① We have to consider the vertical depth of the slab



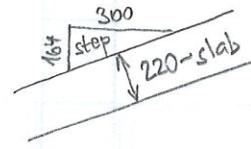
② One step:



Length of the cladding: 164 (riser) + 300 (tread)

Length of the projection: 300

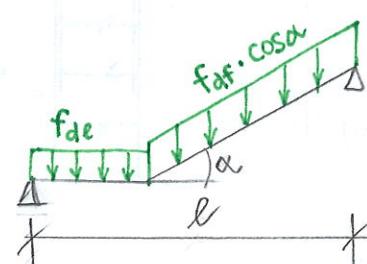
③



Average height of the step is  $\frac{164+0}{2}$

(the rest of the self-weight is already included in the slab)

For detailed calculation of internal forces, following structural scheme should be considered (statically indeterminate structure → FEM program, or slope deflection method)



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