

Lifelong Learning Programme LEONARDO DA VINCI





Fire Behaviour of Steel and Composite Floor Systems

New Experimental Evidences

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Oct. 2010



Content of presentation



- Objectives of new fire tests
- Full scale fire tests within the projects of
 - FRACOF
 - COSSFIRE
- Test set-up
- Experimental results
 - Temperature
 - Displacement
- Observation and analysis
- Comparison with simple design methods
- Conclusion



Why more fire tests



Objectives

Test set-up

Experimental

results &

Observation

Comparison with simple design methods

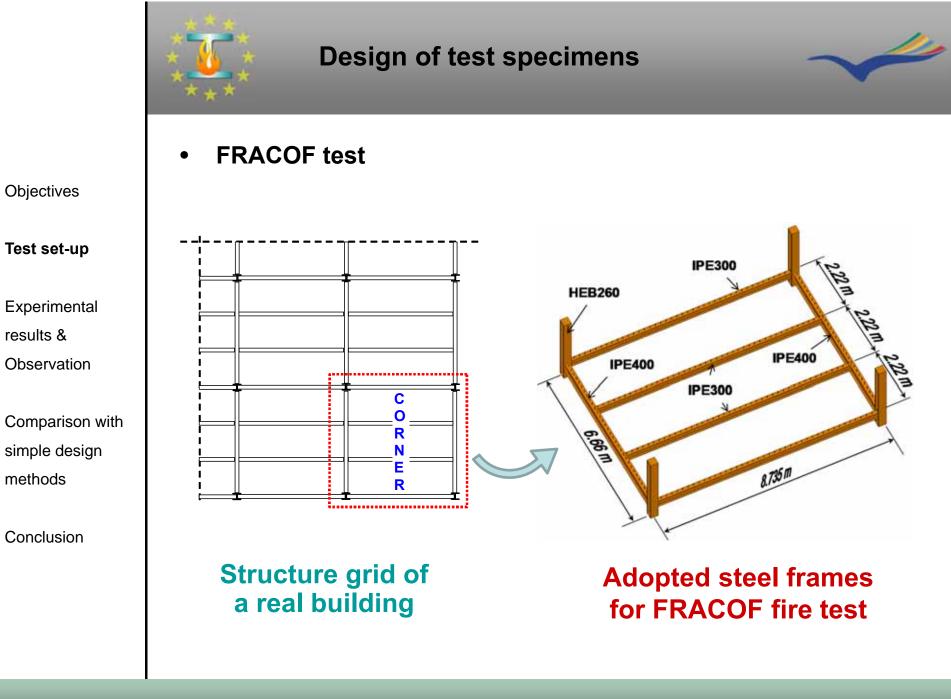
Conclusion

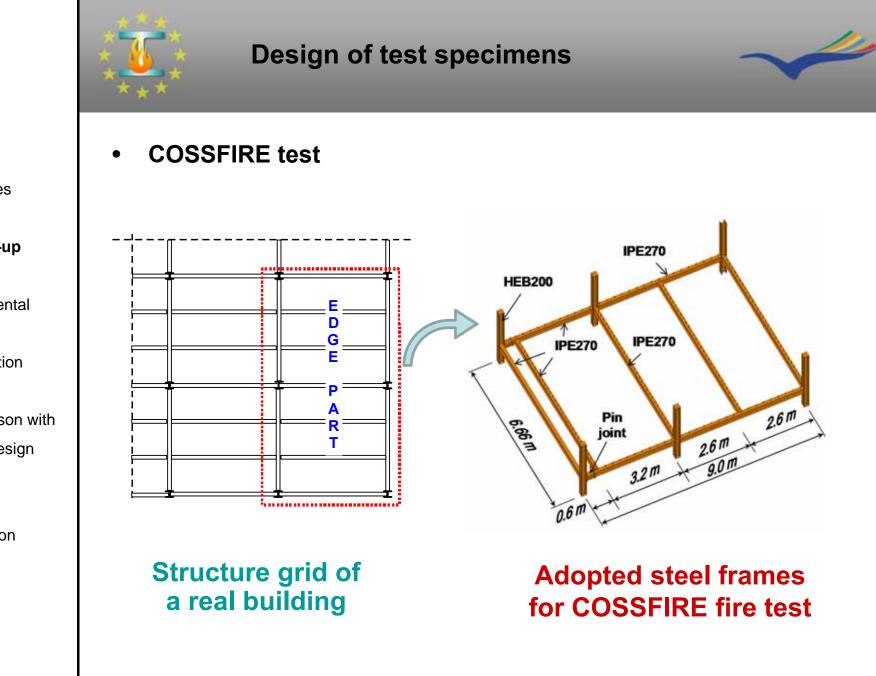
Background

- Cardington fire tests
 - Excellent fire performance under natural fire condition
 - Max θ of steel \approx 1150 °C, fire duration \approx 60 min (> 800°C)
 - UK construction details

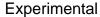
Objectives

- To confirm same good performance under long fire duration (at least 90 minutes of ISO fire)
- To investigate the impact of different construction details, such as reinforcing steel mesh and fire protection of edge beams
- To validate different fire safety engineering tools





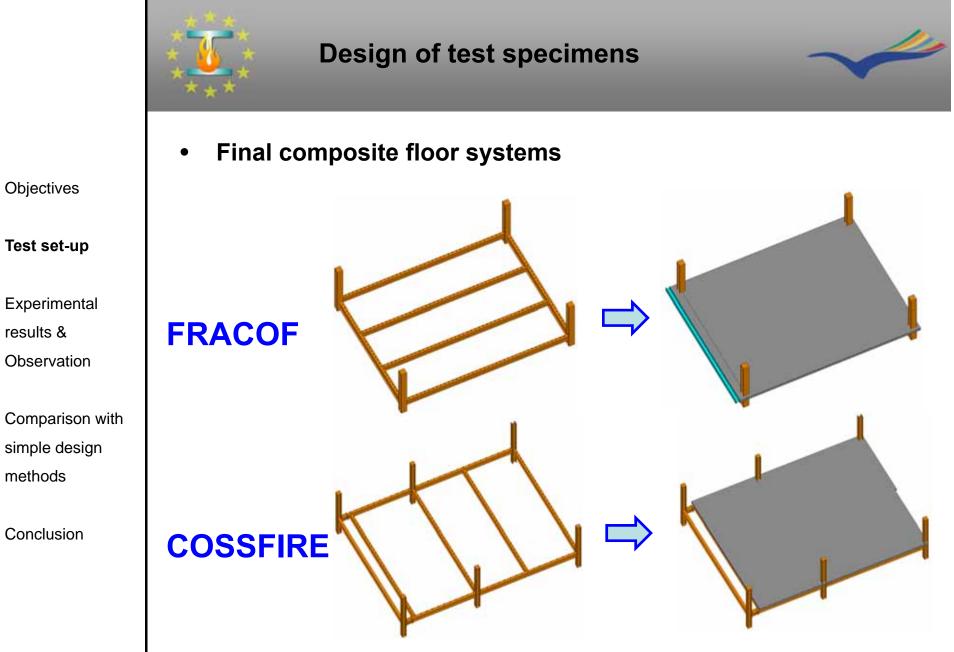
Test set-up



results &

Observation

Comparison with simple design methods





Design of structural members



Objectives

Steel frame

- Steel and concrete composite beams
 - According to Eurocode 4 part 1-1 (EN1994-1-1)
- Short steel columns

Composite slab

- Total depth
 - According to Eurocode 4 part 1-2 (EN1994-1-2)
- Reinforcing steel mesh
 - Based on simple design rules

• Steel joints

- Commonly used joints: double angle and end plate
 - According to Eurocode 3 part 1.8 (EN1993-1-8)

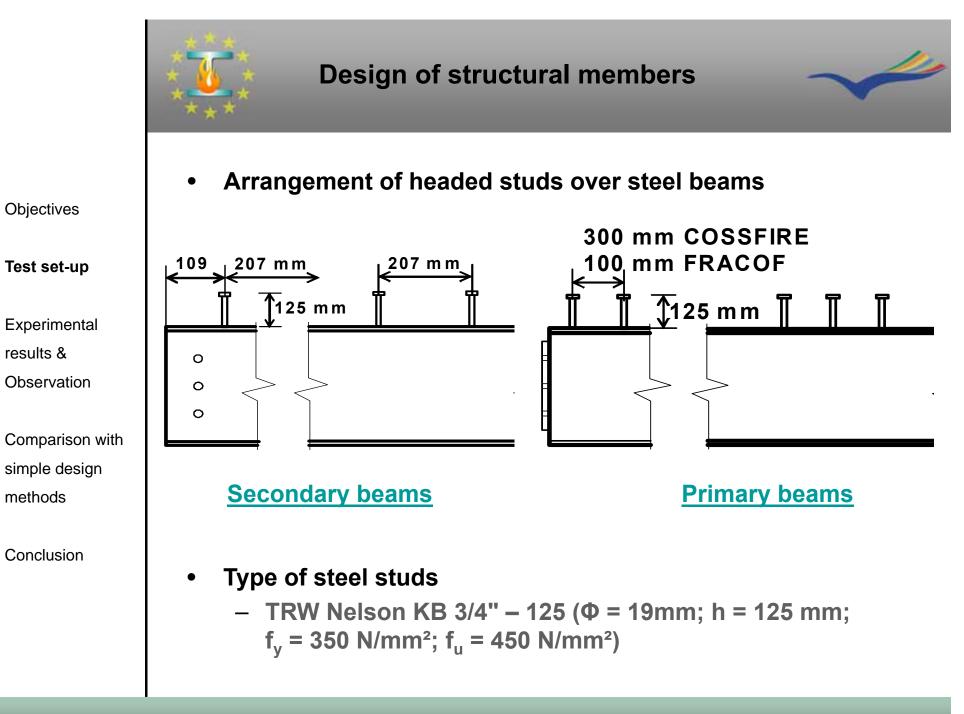
Test set-up

Experimental

results &

Observation

Comparison with simple design methods



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Steel joints



Objectives

Test set-up

Experimental

results &

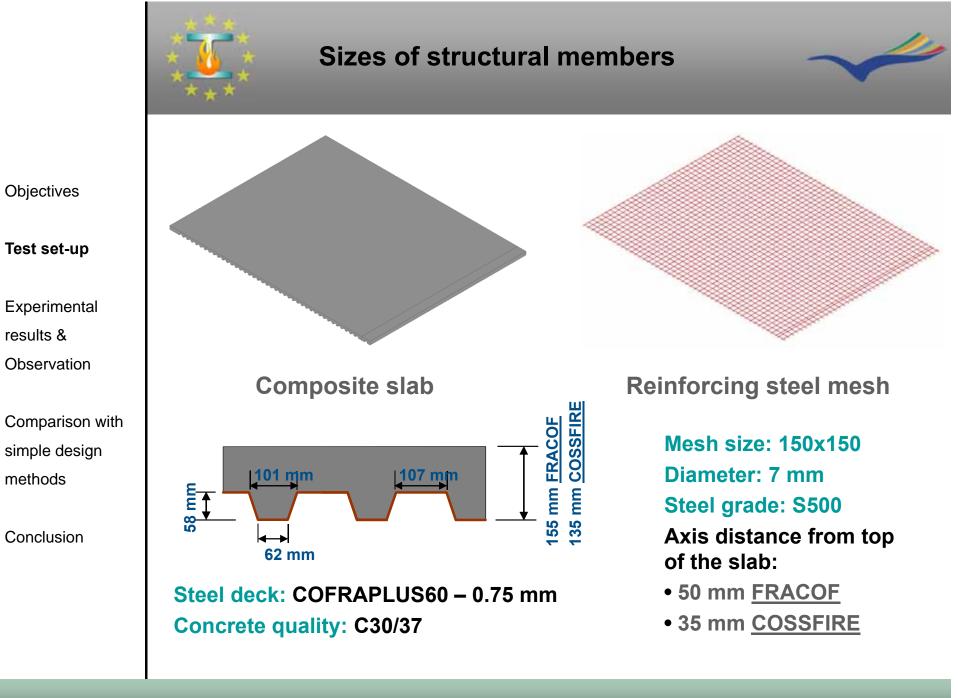
Observation

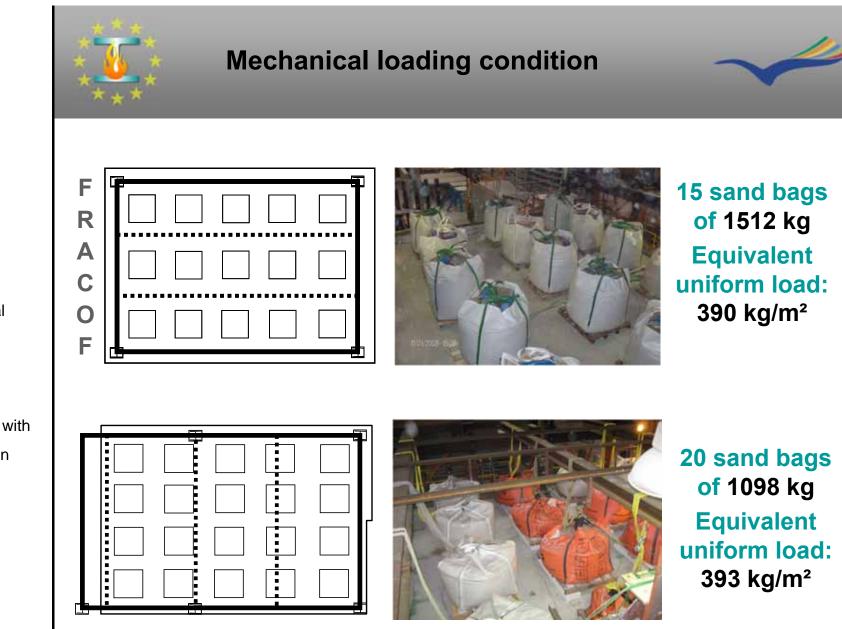
Comparison with simple design methods

Conclusion

Beam to	Beam to beam		
Secondary beam	Primary beam	Deam to beam	
Double angle web cleats	Flexible end plate	Double angle web cleats	

Grade of steel bolts: 8.8 Diameter of steel bolt: 20 mm





Test set-up

Experimental

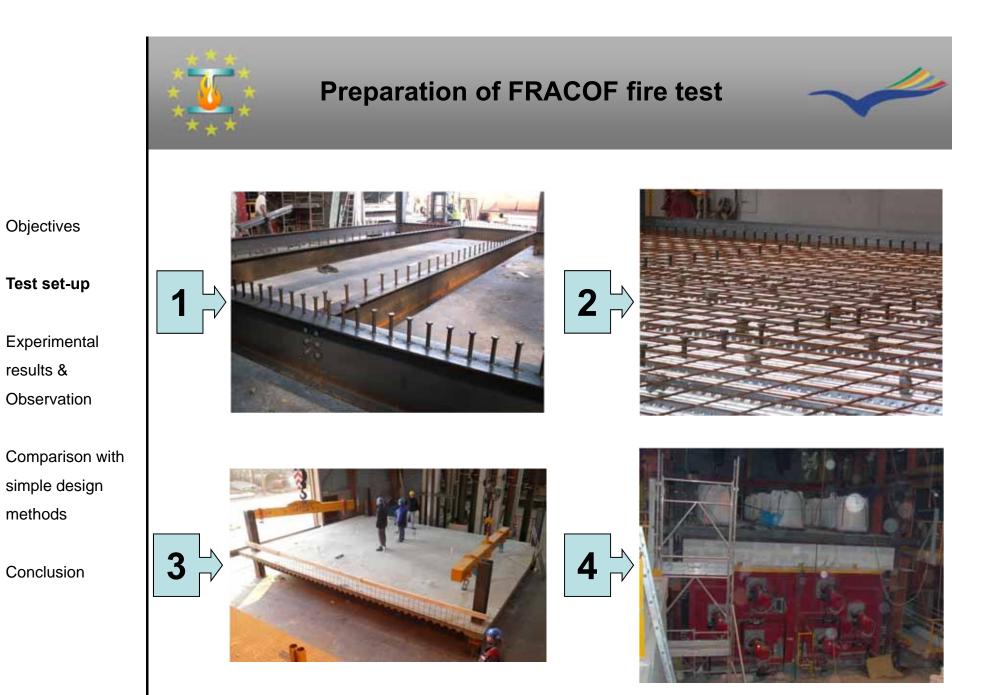
results &

Observation

Comparison with simple design methods

Conclusion

COSSFIRE





Test set-up

Experimental results & Observation

Comparison with simple design methods



Experimental results



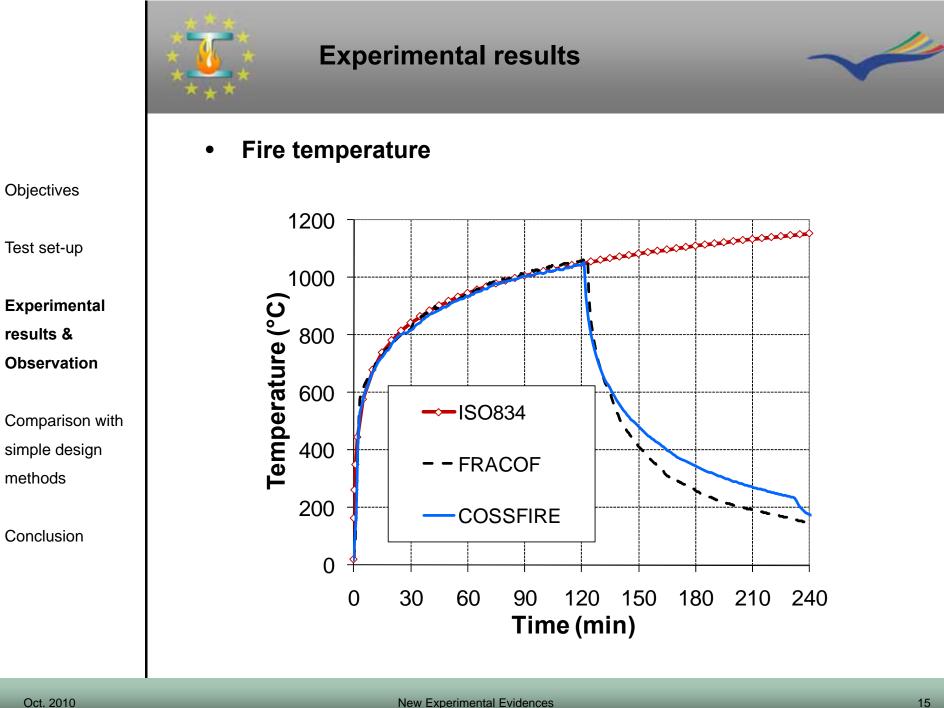
Objectives

Test set-up

Experimental results & Observation

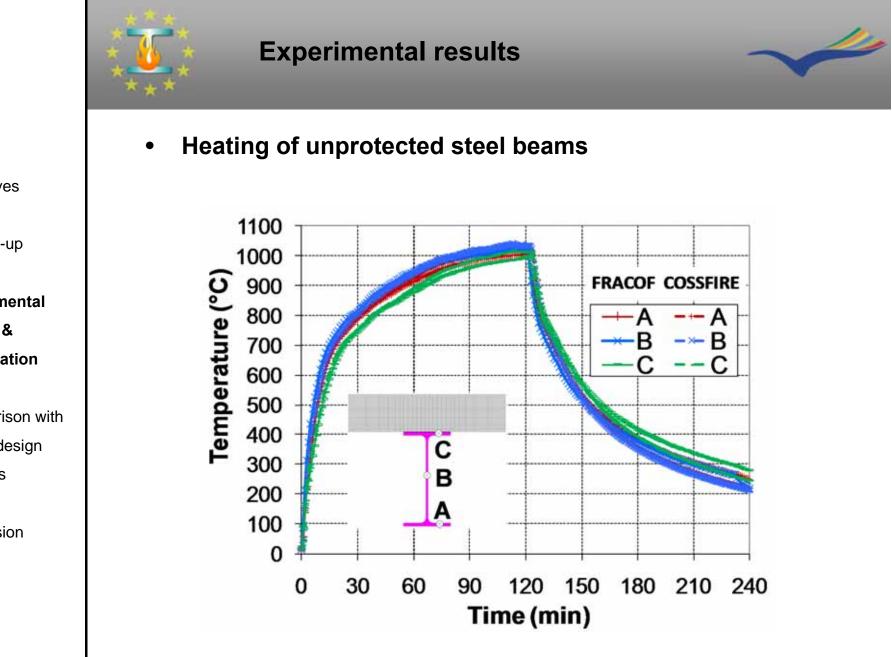
Comparison with simple design methods

- Fire temperature
- Heating of unprotected steel beams
- Heating of protected steel members
- Heating of composite slab
- Deflection of the floor
- Observations over the behaviour of composite floor systems
 - Concrete cracking and concrete crushing
 - Failure of reinforcing steel mesh during the test
 - Collapse of edge beams



Experimental results &

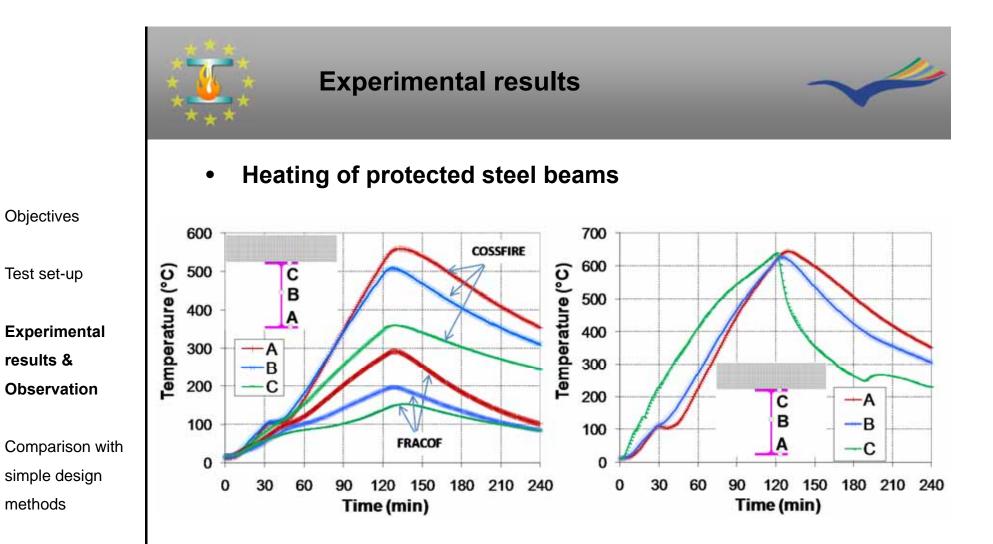
Comparison with simple design methods



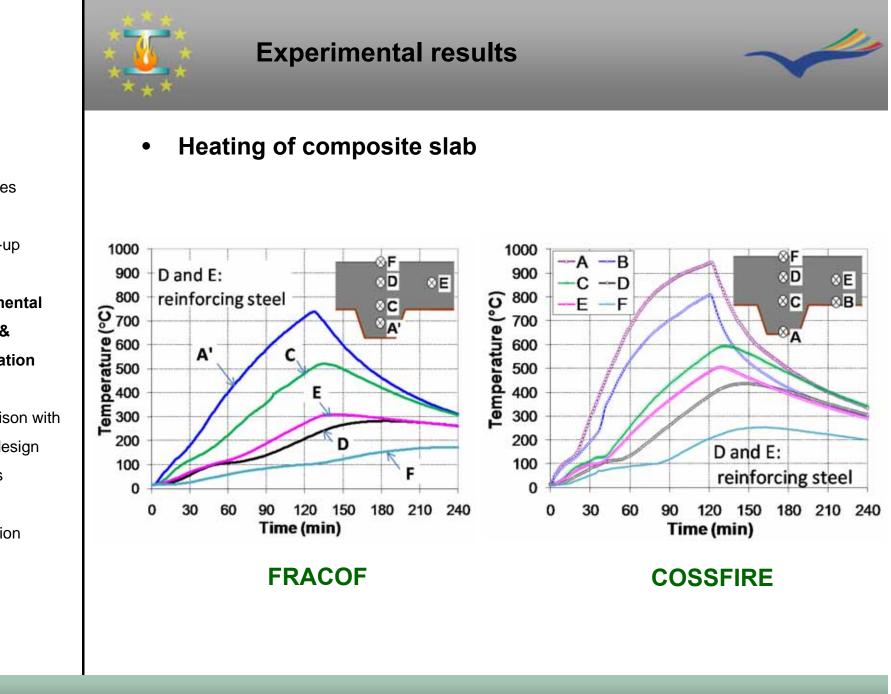
Test set-up

Experimental results & Observation

Comparison with simple design methods



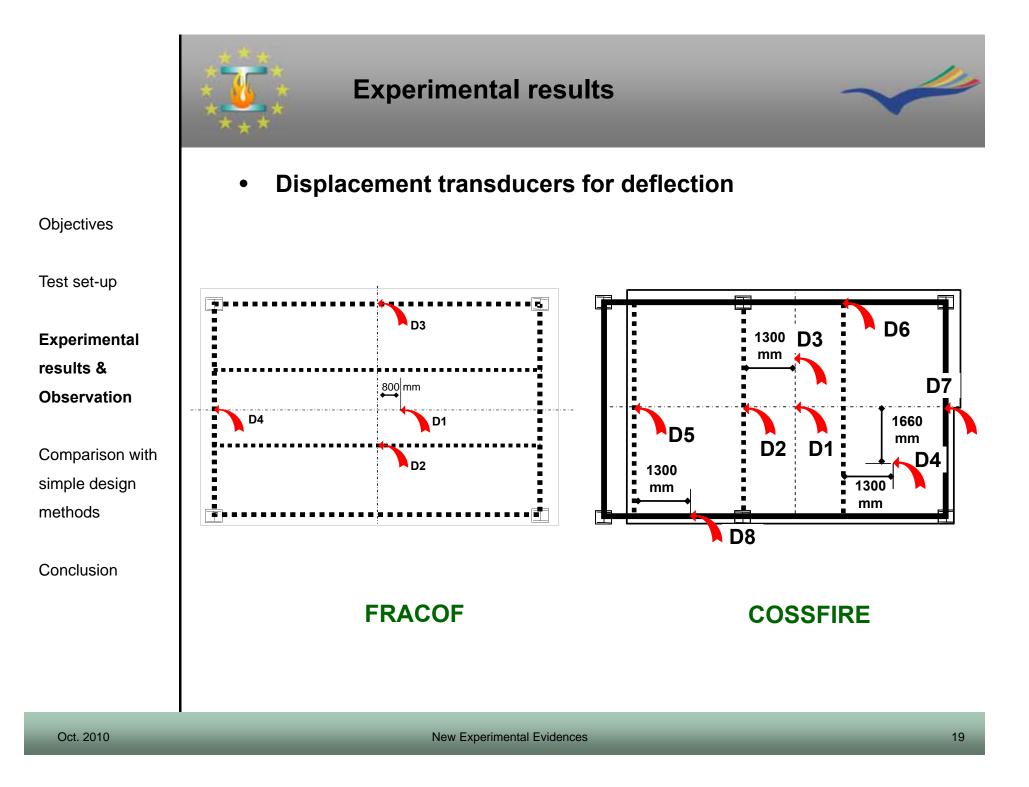
- Observation
 - Much hotter beams in COSSFIRE test \approx 550 °C and one edge secondary beam heated up to > 600 °C

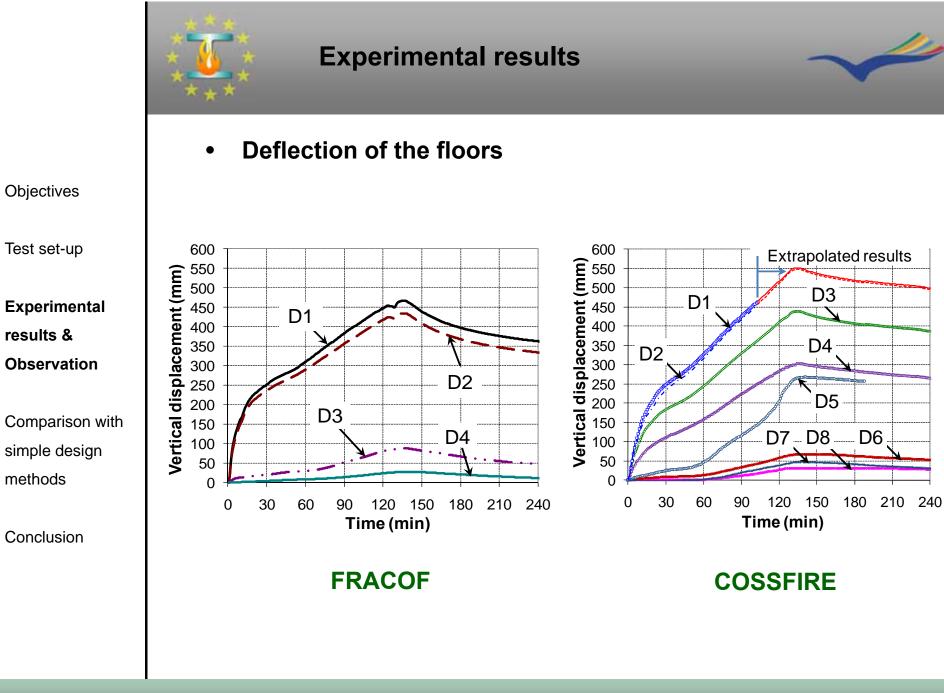


Test set-up

Experimental results & Observation

Comparison with simple design methods





Test set-up

Experimental

results &

Observation

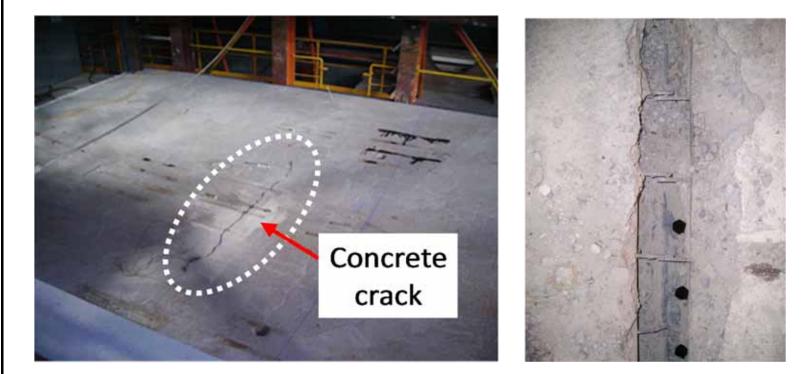
simple design methods



Experimental results



• Cracking of concrete (FRACOF)



Observation

 Excellent global stability of the floor despite the failure of reinforcing steel mesh

Objectives

Test set-up

Experimental results & Observation

Comparison with simple design methods



Experimental results



• Crushing of concrete (COSSFIRE)



Test set-up

Experimental results & Observation

Comparison with simple design methods

Conclusion



• Observation

 Global stability of the floor maintained appropriately despite the failure of one edge beam



Comparison with simple design rules



Objectives			FRACOF		COSSFIRE	
Test set-up			Test	Simple design	Test	Simple design
Experimental				methods		methods
results &						
Observation		Fire rating (min)	> 120	120	> 120	96
Comparison with		()				
simple design methods		Deflection (mm)	450	366 ^(*)	510	376 ^(*)

Conclusion

Observation

- Experimental results:
 - Fire rating > 120 minutes



New experimental evidences



Objectives

Test set-up

Experimental

- results &
- Observation

Comparison with simple design methods

Conclusion

• General conclusions relative to new fire tests

- Excellent performance of the composite floor systems behaving under membrane action for long ISO fire exposure (>120 minutes)
- High level of robustness of the composite floor system despite certain local failures
- Specific attention to be paid to construction details with respect to reinforcing steel mesh in order to ensure a good performance of integrity criteria
- Simple design method is on the safe side in comparison with test results
- No sign of failure during cooling phase of the composite floor systems