

13th April, 2012



COST TU0904 Integrated Fire Engineering and Response

Training School, April 11 - 14, 2012, Sliema



TRAINING SCHOOL
FIRE ENGINEERING RESEARCH - KEY ISSUE FOR THE FUTURE

TRAVELLING FIRE IN MULTI-STOREY BUILDINGS

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Contents

- Travelling fire
 - Models of travelling fire
- Experimental study
 - Material testing
- Numerical simulation (FDS)
- Composite floor slab (FEM)
- Goals of project



Travelling FireModels of
Travelling Fire

- Complicated geometry of FC, large open spaces, atria, high ceilings

→ **Travelling of fire**

Experimental
Study

field with higher and lower temperature, long duration

Material Testing

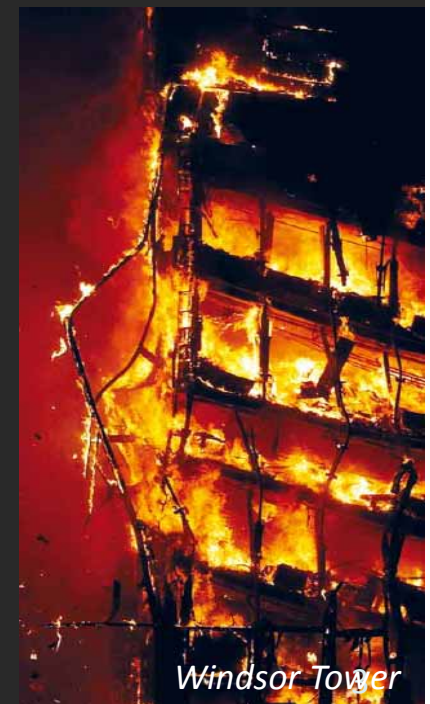
uniform fire, localised fire – high temperatures in short time

Numerical
Simulation

- Traditional methods – limited!

Composite Floor
SlabGoals of
Project**New methodology of travelling fire**

- extend family of traditional methods
- closer to real fire
- different behaviour of construction

*Windsor Tower*

Travelling FireModels of
Travelling FireExperimental
Study

Material Testing

Numerical
SimulationComposite Floor
SlabGoals of
Project

Travelling Fire

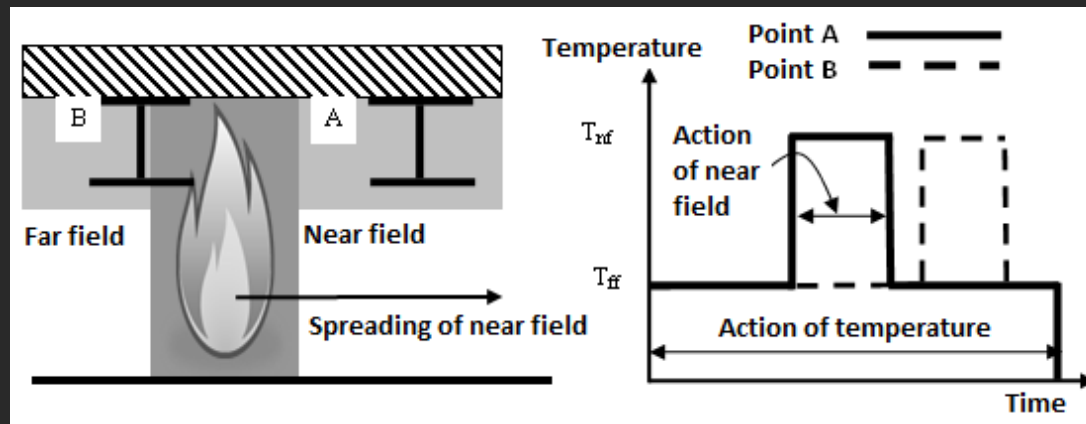
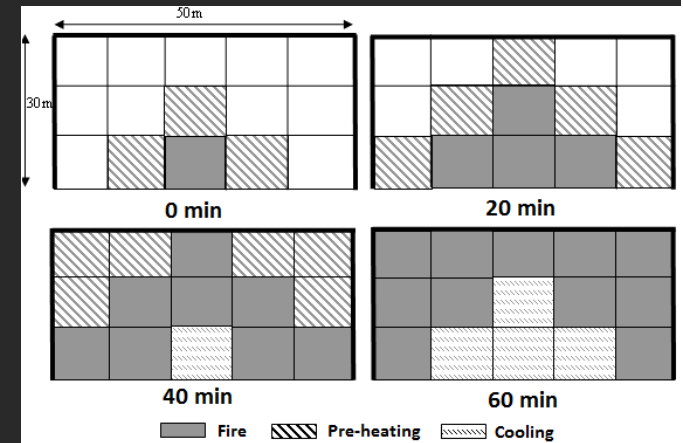
- **Horizontally**
 - beginning of the fire
 - depends on fire load distribution in FC, ventilation of FC
- **Vertically**
 - facade (window breakage in 3 min, 35 kW/m², VTT Finland)
 - Space in a facade
 - Via cables (WTC – spread via phone lines)

Models of Travelling Fire

- **Clifton's model, 1996**
uniform burning in small areas

- **Stern-Gottfried and Rein's model**
- *Near field* and *Far field* temperatures

↓
influenced by Rate of Heat Release (RHR)
in action about 19 min



Travelling Fire

Models of
Travelling Fire**Experimental
Study**

Material Testing

Numerical
SimulationComposite Floor
SlabGoals of
Project

Experimental Study

- 6th September 2011 Veselí n. L.
- Fire test on two floors administrative building
- Travelling fire scenario in upper floor



Compfire, RFCS

Design of joints to composite columns for improved fire robustness

- 10,4 x 13,4 x 4,0 m
- composite structure
- window 2,0 x 5,0 m

Travelling Fire

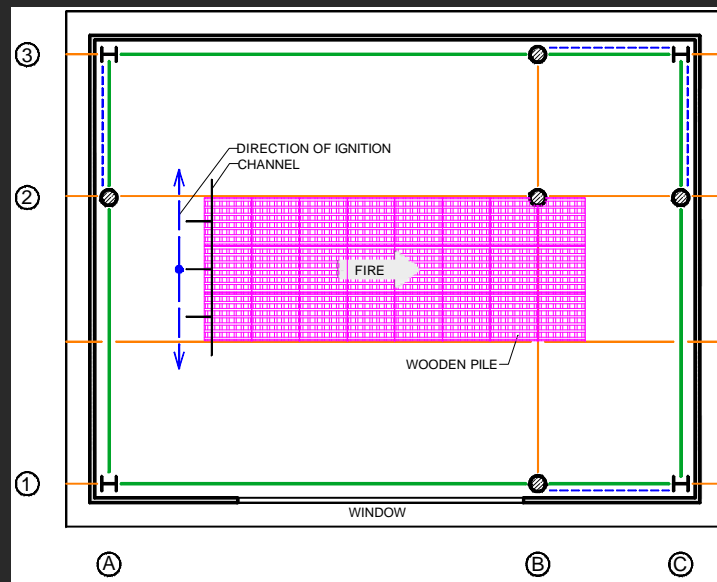
Models of
Travelling Fire**Experimental
Study**

Material Testing

Numerical
SimulationComposite Floor
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Project

Experimental Study

- Fire load
 - 24 wooden piles on area of 24 m²
 - 7 cribs of 50x50x1000 mm in 6 layers
- 2,52 m³ of wood
- Linear ignition source (U profile, mineral wool, paraffin)



Travelling Fire

Experimental Study

Models of Travelling Fire

Experimental Study

Material Testing

Numerical Simulation

Composite Floor Slab

Goals of Project

5.min



25.min



10.min



30.min



15.min



35.min



20.min



40.min



Travelling Fire

Models of Travelling Fire

Experimental Study

Material Testing

Numerical Simulation

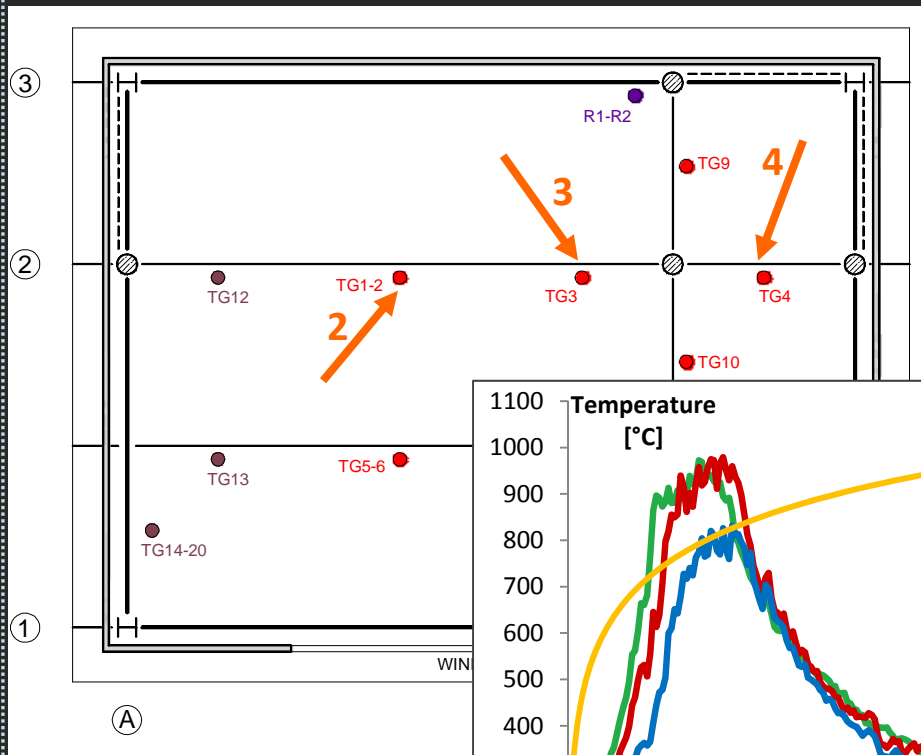
Composite Floor Slab

Goals of Project

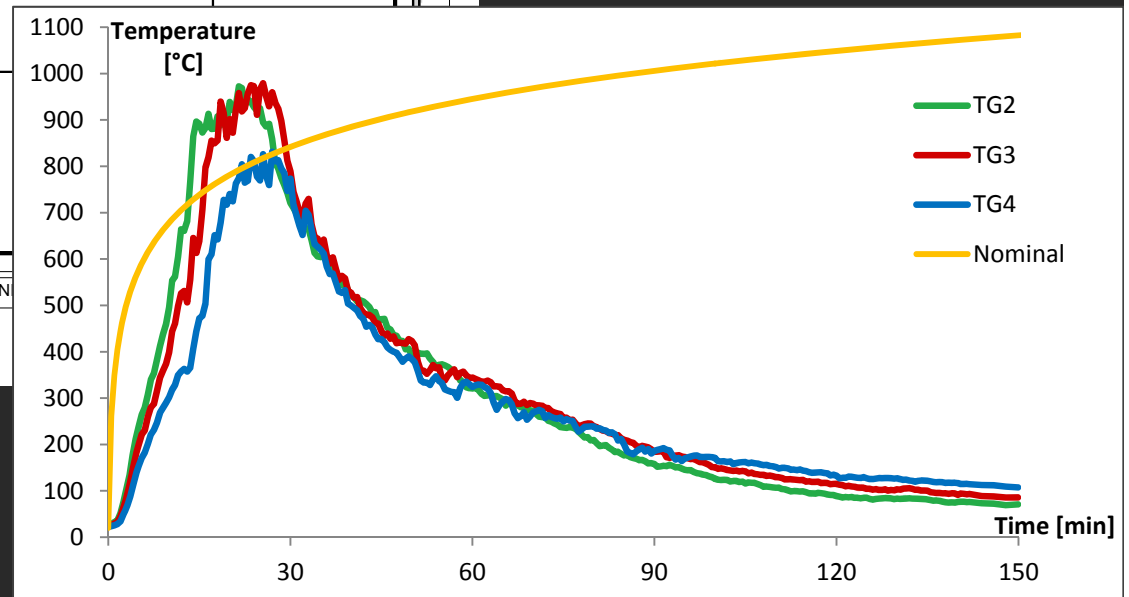
Experimental Study

- Gas temperature measurements
 - 20/97 thermocouples \varnothing 3 mm

Fire time [min]	TG2 [°C]	TG3 [°C]	TG4 [°C]
1,0	32,29	29,46	25,68
5,0	238,49	199,48	153,31
10,0	495,32	398,94	301,71
15,0	891,56	639,31	471,85
20,0	938,74	901,64	740,21
25,0	925,08	966,34	769,57
30,0	721,32	788,65	773,57



Temperature delay - 4 min



T_{max} in 26. min

Travelling Fire

Models of Travelling Fire

Experimental Study

Material Testing

Numerical Simulation

Composite Floor Slab

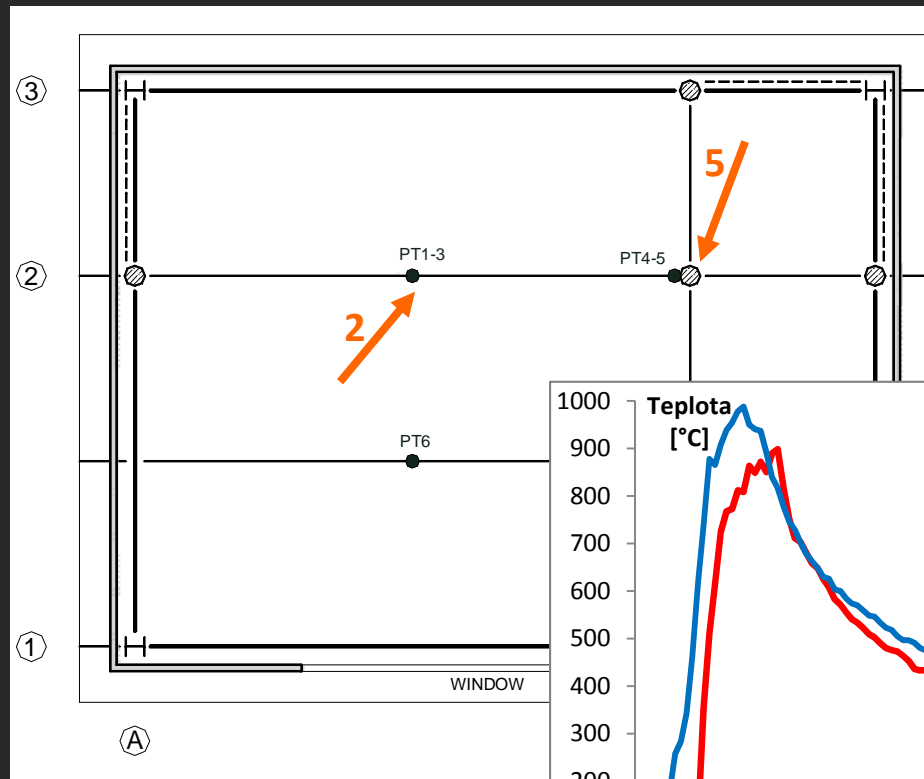
Goals of Project

Experimental Study

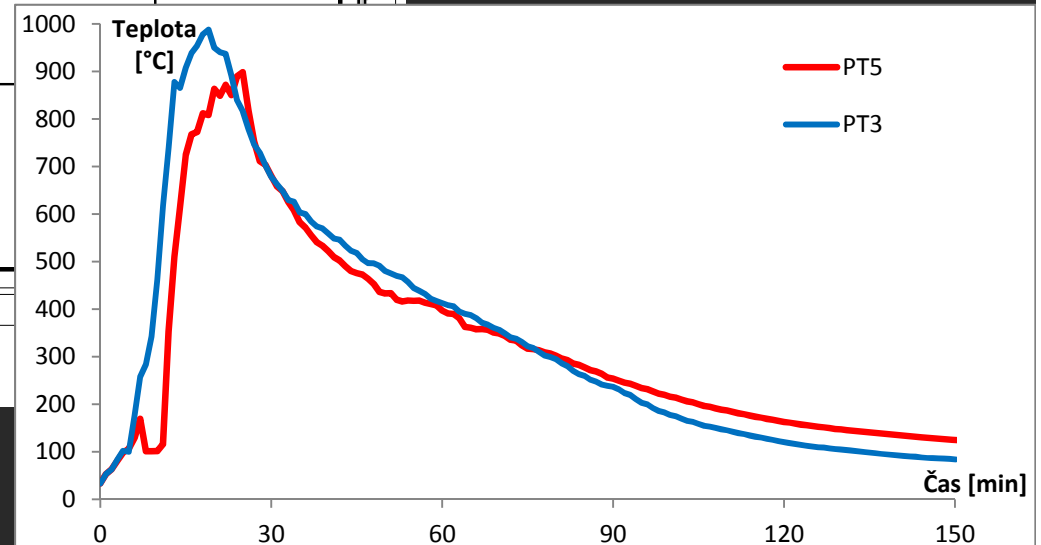
- Gas temperature measurements
 - 7 plate thermometers



Temperature delay – 2,5 min



T_{max} in 19. min



Travelling Fire

Models of Travelling Fire

Experimental Study

Material Testing

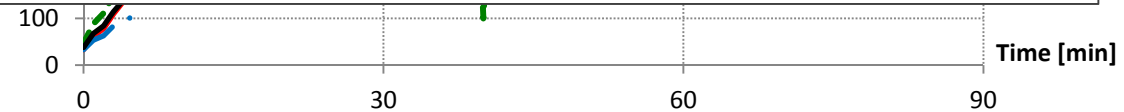
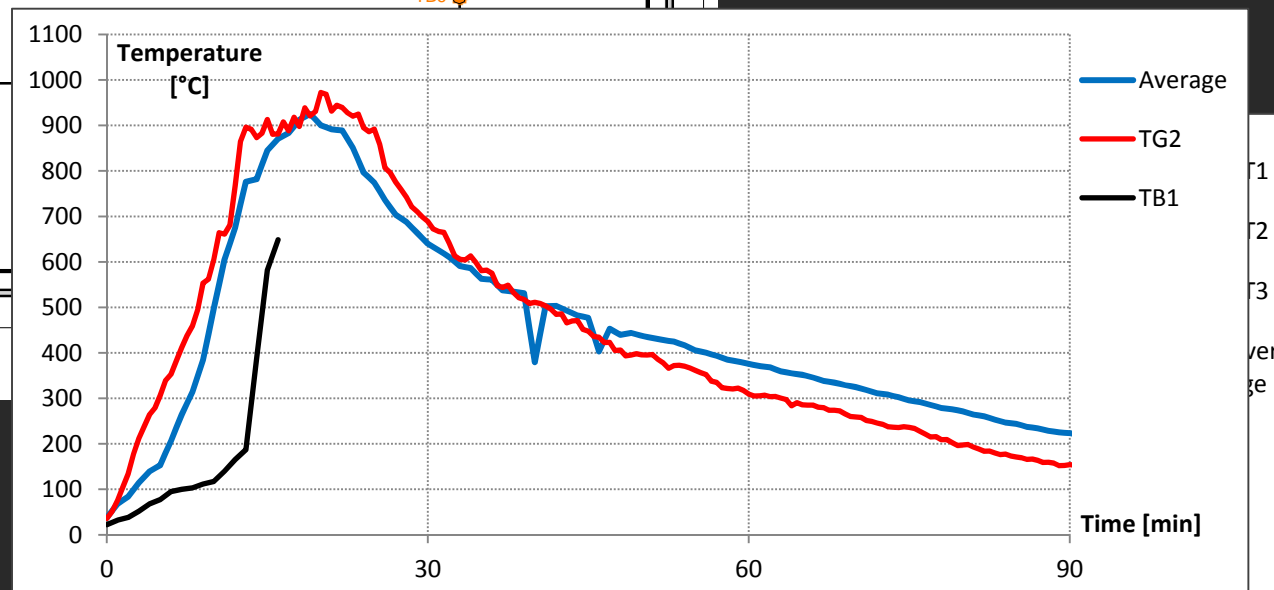
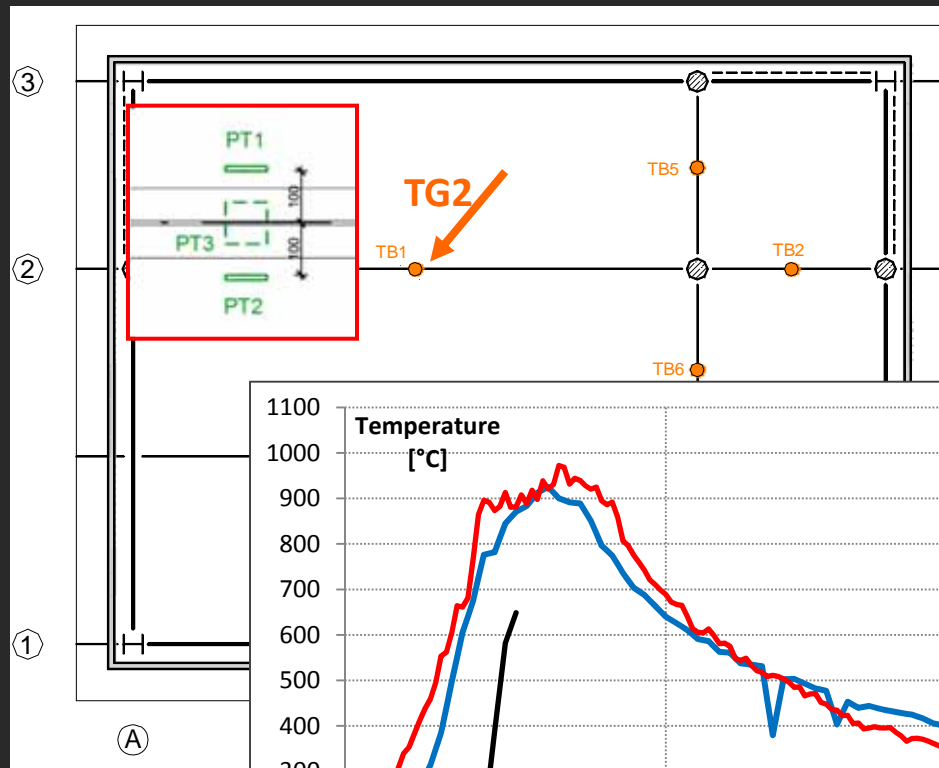
Numerical Simulation

Composite Floor Slab

Goals of Project

Experimental Study

- Adiabatic surface temperature - PT



Travelling Fire

Models of Travelling Fire

Experimental Study

Material Testing

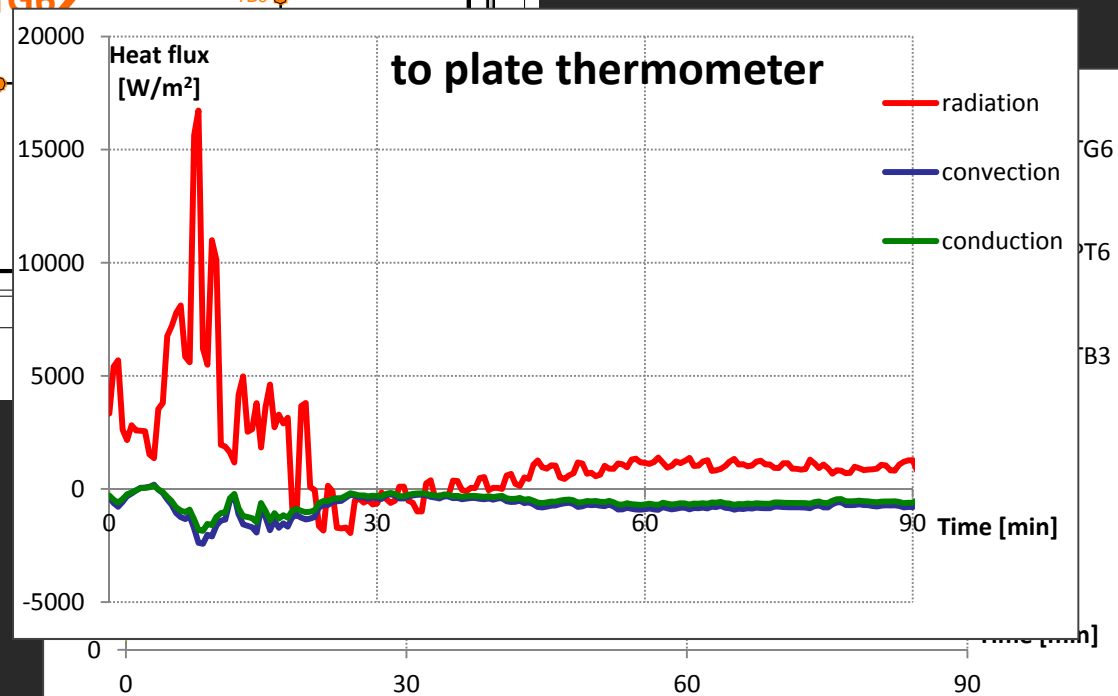
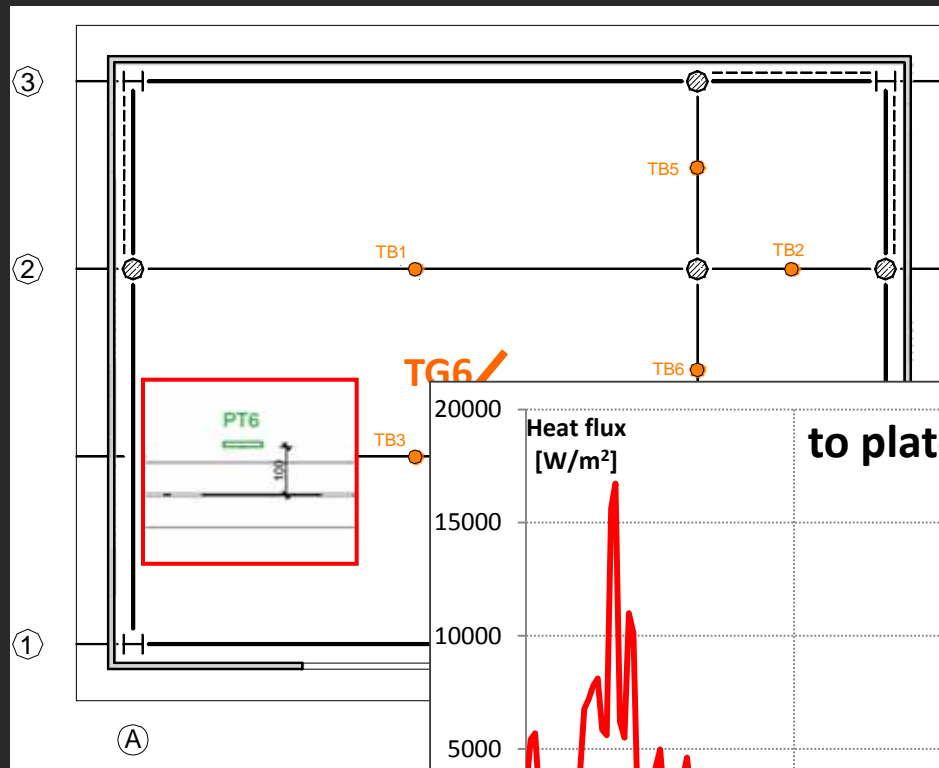
Numerical Simulation

Composite Floor Slab

Goals of Project

Experimental Study

- Adiabatic surface temperature - PT



Travelling Fire

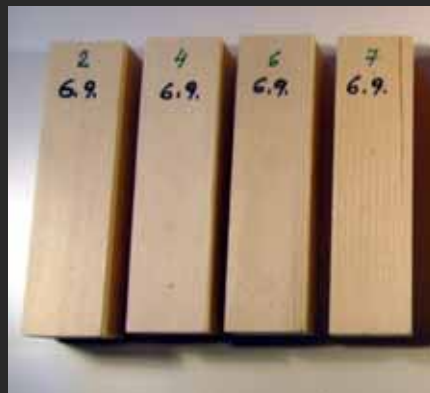
Models of
Travelling FireExperimental
Study

Material Testing

Numerical
SimulationComposite Floor
SlabGoals of
Project

Material Testing

- Calorimetric method
 - Laboratory of TÚPO Prague
 - setting of RHR of wood



100 x 100 x 50 mm

	1. test	2. test	3. test	Average
$q'' (180) [\text{kW/m}^2]$	41,99	46,68	48,69	45,79
$q'' (300) [\text{kW/m}^2]$	66,24	71,51	64,87	67,54
$q'' (\text{max}) [\text{kW/m}^2]$	108,74	113,72	98,05	106,84

→ CFD

Travelling Fire

Models of
Travelling FireExperimental
Study

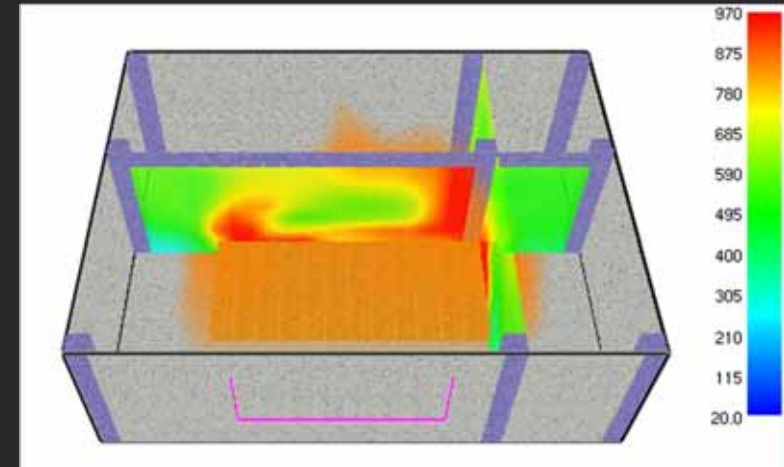
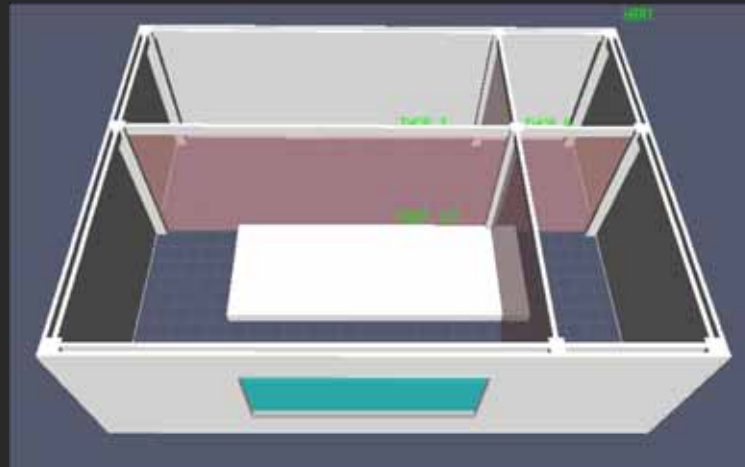
Material Testing

**Numerical
Simulation**Composite Floor
SlabGoals of
Project

Numerical Simulation

Software FDS (Fire Dynamics Simulator)

- model of experimental compartment
- spreading of fire from left to right
- RHR input



Travelling Fire

Models of
Travelling FireExperimental
Study

Material Testing

Numerical
Simulation**Composite Floor
Slab**Goals of
Project

Composite floor slab

- 3,0 x 4,5 m
- 40 mm thick slab in trapezoidal sheet TR40/160/0,75
- Connected by studs $\varnothing 12,5$ mm
70 mm length, spacing 300 mm
- Fibre concrete
 - Steel fibres HE 75/50
 - 70 kg/m^3
 - compression strength of 46 MPa
 - tensile strength of 7,1 MPa



Travelling Fire

Models of
Travelling FireExperimental
Study

Material Testing

Numerical
SimulationComposite Floor
Slab**Goals of
Project**

Goals of Project

- **Analytical model**

- + comparison with numerical model

- + **modification of boundary condition of usage of traditional fire models**

- **Numerical model (FDS)**

- + parametrical study

- + evaluation of model to data from Veseli n. L.

- + analysis of fire load (RHR) → **CATALOGUE of RHR**



background of design

- Application to floor slab of multi-storey building

- + global analysis (FEM)

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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